### ITEM F-2 - EXHIBIT 4

Amendment and Compilation of Chapter 13-95.1 Hawaii Administrative Rules

(Date adopted)

1. Section 13-95.1-1, Hawaii Administrative Rules, entitled "Island-Based Fisheries Rules", is amended and compiled to read as follows:

"HAWAII ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

TITLE 13

DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES

SUBTITLE 4 FISHERIES

PART V PROTECTED MARINE FISHERIES RESOURCES

CHAPTER 95.1

ISLAND-BASED FISHERIES RULES

Subchapter 1 General Provisions

§13-95.1-1	Definitions
§13-95.1-2	Penalty
§13-95.1-3	Scope
§13-95.1-4	Exceptions
§13-95.1-5	Severability

# Subchapter 2 Maui Island Fisheries

\$13-95.1-20 Goatfish \$13-95.1-21 Uhu

### SUBCHAPTER 1

# GENERAL PROVISIONS

§13-95.1-1 **Definitions**. As used in this chapter, unless otherwise provided:

"Commercial marine dealer" means any person who sells or exchanges, or who is an agent in the transfer of marine life obtained directly from a commercial marine licensee, or any commercial marine licensee who sells or exchanges marine life at retail.

"Department" means the department of land and natural resources.

"Goatfish" means any fish in the family Mullidae, or any recognized synonym.

"Kūmū" means any fish known as *Parupeneus* porphyreus or any recognized synonym. Kūmū are also known as whitesaddle goatfish.

"Length" means the straight-line measurement from the tip of the snout to the middle of the trailing edge of the tail.

"Marine life" means any type or species of saltwater fish, shellfish, mollusks, crustaceans, coral, or other marine animals, including any part, product, egg, or offspring thereof; or seaweed or other marine plants, including any part, product, seed, or holdfast thereof.

"Moano kea" means any fish known as *Parupeneus* cyclostomus or any recognized synonym. Moano kea are also known as moano kali, moano ukali ulua, blue goatfish, or goldsaddle goatfish.

"Munu" means any fish known as *Parupeneus* insularis or any recognized synonym. Munu are also known as doublebar goatfish.

"'Oama" means any juvenile weke'ā [or],
Mulloidichthys flavolineatus, or juvenile weke ula,
Mulloidichthys vanicolensis, which is less than [five]
eight inches in length.

"Possess" means to procure, receive, hold, or control for a sufficient period to have had the opportunity to release or relinquish control.

"Take" means to fish for, <a href="catch">catch</a>, capture, confine, or harvest, or attempt to fish for, catch, <a href="capture">capture</a>, confine, or harvest, <a href="capture">[aquatie</a>] <a href="maine">marine</a> life. This term shall not apply to the temporary capture or confinement of any specimen which is returned to the water as soon as possible after landing.

"Uhu" means any fish belonging to the family Scaridae or any recognized synonyms. Uhu is a general term for parrotfish.

"Uhu 'ahu'ula" means any fish known as *Chlorurus* perspicillatus or any recognized synonym. Uhu 'ahu'ula are also known as spectacled parrotfish. The terminal phase of these fish is also known as "uhu uliuli".

"Uhu 'ele'ele" is any Scarus rubroviolaceus which has reached its terminal phase, indicated by a change in coloration from brownish-red and yellowish-gray, to green and blue. A predominantly green or blue-green body color and a green beak on a specimen of Scarus rubroviolaceus is prima facie evidence that the specimen is an uhu 'ele'ele. Both uhu 'ele'ele and uhu pālukaluka are known as redlip or ember parrotfish.

"Uhu pālukaluka" means any fish known as Scarus rubroviolaceus or any recognized synonym. Uhu pālukaluka are also known as redlip or ember parrotfish. The terminal phase of these fish is also known as "uhu 'ele'ele".

"Uhu uliuli" is any Chlorurus perspicillatus which has reached its terminal phase, indicated by a change in coloration from a grayish brown body with a broad white band at the base of the tail, to a bluegreen body with a dark band across the top of the snout. A predominantly blue-green body color and the lack of a white tail band on a specimen of Chlorurus

perspicillatus is prima facie evidence that the specimen is an uhu uliuli. Both uhu uliuli and uhu 'ahu'ula are known as spectacled parrotfish.

"Weke'ā" means any fish known as *Mulloidichthys* flavolineatus or any recognized synonym. Weke'ā are also known as white goatfish. The young of these fish are also known as 'oama.

"Weke nono" means any fish known as Mulloidichthys pfluegeri or any recognized synonym. Weke nono are also known as Pflueger's goatfish or moelua.

"Weke ula" means any fish known as Mulloidichthys vanicolensis or any recognized synonym. Weke ula are also known as red weke. The young of these fish are also known as 'oama. [Eff 11/1/14; am and comp ] (Auth: HRS §\$187A-5, 189-2, 189-6) (Imp: HRS §\$187A-1, 187A-5, 189-2, 189-6)

- §13-95.1-2 Penalty. (a) Any person who violates any provision of this chapter shall be subject to administrative fines as provided by chapter 187A, HRS.
- (b) Any administrative fine imposed under this section for any violation of a provision of this chapter shall not preclude the imposition of criminal penalties pursuant to section 188-70, HRS, or as may be otherwise provided by law. [Eff 11/1/14; comp

  [ (Auth: HRS §\$187A-5, 188-53) (Imp: HRS §\$187A-5, 187A-12.5, 188-53, 188-70)
- **§13-95.1-3 Scope.** (a) Unless expressly provided otherwise, the scope of jurisdiction for subchapter 2 shall be as follows:

Subchapter 2 shall apply to the take or possession of [aquatic] marine life from, in, or on the lands or waters of Maui island subject to state jurisdiction or control. For purposes of this section, "waters of Maui island" means all ocean waters within three nautical miles seaward from the highest wash of the waves on the shores of Maui,

excluding all waters within two nautical miles from the shores of Kaho'olawe island, as shown on Exhibit 1 entitled "Map of Maui Island Fisheries", dated May 19, 2014, and located at the end of this chapter.

- (b) Nothing in this chapter shall restrict the State's claims to jurisdiction and authority over its marine waters.
- \$13-95.1-4 Exceptions. (a) The prohibitions of this chapter shall not apply to authorized employees of the department when acting in the course of their official duties, departmental agents and contractors engaged in authorized departmental activities, or to any persons conducting activities permitted under a valid license or permit listed under section 13-95-1.1 that expressly refers to this chapter.
- (b) Native Hawaiian traditional and customary rights recognized under article XII, section 7, of the Hawaii State Constitution shall not be abridged.
- (c) For the purposes of this chapter, any commercial marine dealer may possess more than the allowed number of aquatic specimens, only if the specimens were purchased from other individual(s) with:
  - (1) A valid commercial marine license[; pursuant to section 189-2, HRS; or
- (2) A valid special marine product license; and has receipts issued for each purchase pursuant to section 189-11, HRS. Receipts shall include the first and last name and license number of the person to whom the receipt is issued. [Eff 11/1/14; am and comp

  [Auth: HRS §\$187A-3.5, 187A-5, 187A-6, 189-2, 189-6, 189-11]

#### SUBCHAPTER 2

### MAUI ISLAND FISHERIES

- \$13-95.1-20 Goatfish. (a) No person may take or possess any kūmū, moano kea, or weke nono less than twelve inches in length.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (f), no person may take or possess any other goatfish less than eight inches in length.
- (c) No person may take more than one kūmū per day, or possess more than one kūmū at any one time.
- (d) No person may take more than two moano kea per day, or possess more than two moano kea at any one time.
- (e) No person may take more than two munu per day, or possess more than two munu at any one time.
- (f) Notwithstanding subsection (b), any person may take up to fifty 'oama per day, or possess up to fifty 'oama at any one time, provided that no 'oama may be taken by any means other than hook-and-line fishing.
- (g) No person may sell any 'oama at any time. [Eff 11/1/14; comp ] (Auth: HRS \$\$187A-5, 188-53)
- **§13-95.1-21 Uhu.** (a) No person may take or possess any uhu 'ele'ele or uhu uliuli at any time.

- (b) No person may take or possess any uhu pālukaluka or any uhu 'ahu'ula less than fourteen inches in length.
- (c) Any other department size restriction notwithstanding, subject to subsections (a) and (b), any person may take any other uhu greater than ten inches in length.
- 2. Material, except source notes and other notes, to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New material is underscored.
- 3. Additions to update source notes and other notes to reflect these amendments and compilation are not underscored.
- 4. The amendments to and compilation of chapter 13-95.1, Hawaii Administrative Rules, shall take effect ten days after filing with the Office of the Lieutenant Governor.

I certify that the foregoing are copies of the rules, drafted in the Ramseyer format, pursuant to the requirements of section 91-4.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, which were adopted on \_\_\_\_\_\_, and filed with the Office of the Lieutenant Governor.

SUZANNE D. CASE Chairperson, Board of Land and Natural Resources

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Deputy Attorney General

State of Hawai'i

Lana'i

Molokini

Molokini

Molokini

Molokini

Kaho'olawe

Kaho'olawe Island Reserve

Maui 3 NM boundary

Exhibit 1. Map of Maui Island Fisheries (May 19, 2014)

NOTE: The Maui Island Fisheries rules do NOT apply to waters within two nautical miles of Kaho'olawe island (which are governed by the Kaho'olawe Island Reserve Commission's separate authority, Hawaii Administrative Rules chapter 13-261).